of the village has not been discussed in the meeting of village Panchayat, that the Pradhan has executed the work through contractor, that very little amount has been spent against the amount shown as expended and that the funds have been utilised for personal benefits. Whenever such complaints are received in the Ministry of Rural Development, they are referred to the concerned State Governments for appropriate remedial action. The implementation of the Jawahar Rozgar Yojana is closely supervised and monitored by the authorities at the block, district and State headquarters in each State. The guidelines provide that each of the State Governments should draw a schedule of inspections prescribing minimum number of field visits for each supervisory level functionary from State down to block level. 100 per cent audit of village Panchayats accounts is made compulsory.

Each of the State Governments, in addition, have their own system of checks and balances for proper control of grants given to the Panchayats as provided in their own Acts/Rules/Manual.

These measures prevent the possibility of misuse of grants by the Gram Pradhans/Sarpanches.

Digging of wells and installing hand pumps in villages

2101. SHRI S. S. AHLUWALIA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have formulated any plan for digging wells and installing handpumps in every village of the country within a specific period;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) how many wells and hand pumps have so far been provided to villages under this scheme; and

(d) how many wells and hand pumps have so far been provided in villages of Bihar and how many are proposed to be provided during the current financial year?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI UTTAMBHAI H. PATEL): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) Does not arise. However, safe drinking water facilities in rural areas are provided based on surface water (gravity feed, piped water supply etc.) sources and ground water sources (handpumps, powerpumps, sanitary wells etc.). Schemes for supply of drinking water through open wells are not allowed under Centrally Sponsored Accelerated Rural Water Supply Programme. Out of 1,61,722 problem villages as on 1-4-85, 1,58,396 problem villages were provided safe drinking water facilities upto 31-3-92. The remaining 3326 problem villages are likely to be provided such facilities by 31-3-93.

(d) As on 1-4-85, there were 9199 problem villages in Bihar which were covered fully or partially upto 31-3-92. The target for the current financial year is to take up 5500 partially covered villages for full coverage.

Rural water supply

2102. SHRIMATI CHANDRIKA ABHINANDAN JAIN: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state whether private participation is proposed to be sought for implementing the accelerated rural water supply programme; if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI UTTAMBHAI H. PATEL): No, Sir.

Seed money for resurvey of lands

2103. DR. NARREDDY THULASI REDDY: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government of Andhra Pradesh has asked for Rs. 10 crores as